





# Management of Referral at Busanza Health Center IV, Kisoro District, South western Uganda



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# What was the challenge?

- Busanza Health Center IV is located in Kisoro District, in a sub-county that is difficult to reach because of rugged terrain and poor road conditions.
- It serves both Ugandans and Congolese from neighboring DRC.
- Busanza had a service van that operated as an ambulance, butthere were problems with absenteeism and resource abuse:
  - The driver posted at the facility was consistently absent.
  - The medical doctor used the ambulance as his personal car.









# What was the challenge?

- Without an ambulance, patient referrals to other hospitals became a challenge, especially for pregnant women with complications since Busanza does not have an operating theatre.
- The patient or caregiver was forced to pay out-of-pocket to hire a transport vehicle (UGX40,000-100,000 / US\$10-25).
- One community lost a mother and a baby because of failure to secure transportation to the hospital.









# **ABH** and the community respond

Advocacy for Better Health worked with the identified community advocacy group in the area, and supported them to:

- Develop an advocacy action plan to overcome the challenge.
- Implement the advocacy action plan through technical guidance.
- Gather and package evidence to support their advocacy asks.
- Raise concerns and disseminate evidence in one-on-one meetings with decision-makers, as well as the sub-county advocacy forum.
- Follow-up on commitments made by decision-makers at subcounty and district levels to hold them accountable.
- Document success.







## **ABH** and the community respond

#### **Tools used**

- Health Facility Assessment Tool
- Advocacy Action Planning Template
- Minutes Template for Community Action Planning Meetings and Advocacy Forums

# Methods used in evidence gathering

- Key informant interviews (patients and health workers)
- Facility visits
- Testimonies
- Observation









#### A win for communities and mothers

- The ambulance was returned to the health facility.
- The Health Unit Management Committee (HUMC) allocated a portion of PHC funds to support referrals (though still insufficient—and a next step for advocacy).
- The absent driver was dismissed and removed from the district payroll.
- The district service commission recruited a new driver. The HUMC put monitoring mechanisms in place and secured him accommodation at the health facility.
- The ambulance is now functional and the referral system has improved.
- Increased accountability for facility resources.







#### **Lessons Learned**

- Issue ownership by citizens is important in achieving the desired goal.
- Collective action planning helps communities identify challenges in health service delivery—and create a strategic advocacy plan to demand change.
- Community-generated evidence is key to influence the actions from decision-makers.
- When a decision-makers makes a commitment, documentation is critical. Communities can use this for follow-up.